Chandler' former statement. The letter follows:

"My Dear Mr. Tillman:

"As the telephonic denial by President Roosevelt sent to the Schale through Sonator Lodge remains in the record of May 12th, it seems to me that I should take some notice of it, which I do by now reaffirming the ossential truth of the statement I made to you, and which you repeated in the Senate. Much as I regret that "he hasty action of Senator Lodge one. See President has forced an Issue between the President and myself, the extreme language he used makes such issue anavoidable, and I cannot shrink from or evade It, although I cannot use toward the Chief Executive of the nation language like his own.

Summoned by President.

Summoned by President.

"Upon our respective statements! submit the controversy with confidence to the judgment of those who know me, for those who do not know me, there is fortunately electrical to the president could not have omitted to make in substance the statement which he defines. Nor could be then have made the whole statement he now substitutes. His impulsiveness has led him into serious error upon a point of no

the whole statement he new substitutes. His impulsiveness has led him into serious error upon a point of no importance in itself, but only as affecting his attack upon me. I kive to you a further statement as follows: "Prior to March 31st I had not seen the President for a long time. I did not go to the White House as a representative of Senator Tillman, but solely because the President summoned me there by the letter from Mr. Loeb, and I walted for him to express his object. It was unmistakably stated to be a communication to Mr. Tillman, who had the rate bill in charge, and other Democrats of the Senate, for the purpose of securing the adoption in the railroad rate bill of a court-review clause limiting the inquiry to the question whether the commission had exceeded its authority or had violated the constitutional rights of the carrier.

"I knew and he knew, that it was

the constitutional rights of the carrier.

"I knew, and he knew, that it was impossible for him to open conferences with Mr. Tillman unless he was fully satisfied that the President had absolutely given up all intention of coming to an agreement with the senators who had been making the contest for an unlimited court review, and in stating his object he said that he had parted from them finally, naming Senators Knox, Foraker and Spooner as the senators who had made the arguments in the Senate to sustain that view, and he used, as nearly as I can recollect, the language given in my statement repeated by Mr. Tillman.

Got Tillman's Consent,

Got Tillman's Consent,

"When an hour later I visited Mr. Tillman and told him my mission from the President I found him distrustful and suspicious. He ques-tioned me closely as to what the President had said, and I related to him as accurately as I could the President had said, and I related to aim as accurately as I could the statement made by the President to me, and I convinced him that the President had ceased to hope for compromise with the senators named and the other advocates of an unlimited court review. When told that this was the case he readily consented to co-operate with the President

sented to co-operate with the President.

"The President says Senator Foraker was not mentioned. I am quite
sure he is mistaken. Senators Knox
and Spooner, he says, were mentioned, but that all that was said
about them was, as to Senator Knox,
that the President did not agree with
a portion of his proposed amendment,
and as to Senator Spooner, that his
name was only mentioned by him to
express a cordial approval of Senator
Spooner's amendment.

"If the President had on that night
told me that he cordially approved of
it, and I had so reported to Mr. Tillman, there would have ensued no
torferences looking to co-operation.

"The only harm that I can see
hat has come in the whole business
was the abandonment of any attempt
to carry that limitation of the review
without any previous notice to Senitors fallman and Ealley.

"On the whole, perhaps, I ought
be consider myself fortunate. If the
sid imperialistic days had been ful
revived at the White House, one
whom I considered the best of friends.
Senator Lodge, upon demand would
have cut off my head and taken it
to President Roosevelt on a charger,
and I should have spoken no more,
Now, at least, I have left to me the
power of speech.

"But I shall never use it again as
a missionary from Président Roosevelt to the Démocratic party.

"Wh. E. CHANDLER." "The President says Senator For

"Sincerely yours,
"WM. E. CHANDLER."

Ex-Sentor Chandler, looking as savage as the proverbial meat-axe, his wonted expression, stood immediately behind Senator Tillman during the reading of the statement, leaning nestigently against the lintel of the main door to the chamber, holding a brand new straw hat in his hand and appearing to have a rather bored interest in the whole matter.

Railer, Again

Bailey Again.

Bailey Again.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the reading of Mr. Chandler's statement, Mr. Bailey arose again. This time he appeared somewhat excited and ansry. He said that his attention had been called to another article printed in the New York Tribune of to-day. This article is presumably from the pen of Richard Le Fearn, head of the Tribune Bureau here. Mr. Bailey said it was of the same character as that printed by the Chicago Tribune, and that evidently they had been timed to bring them both to Washington at the same time. Pointing to the press gallery, he said:

"I intend to put in the record, upon the statement of more than one reputable newspaper correspondent in that gallery—and as a rule they are as honorable as senators on this floor—on their authority I state that the two chief 'cuckoos' of this administration are the cerrespondents of the New York Tribune and the Chicago Tribune.

"AND, THEREFORE, IT SEEMS TO ME CONCLUSIVE THAT THIS

Tribune.

"AND, THEREFORE, IT SEEMS
TO ME CONCLUSIVE THAT THIS
SLANDER PROCEEDS FROM THE
WHITE HOUSE. I HOPE, FOR THE
HONOR OF MY COUNTRY, THAT
IT DOES NOT PROCEED FROM
THE PRESIDENT HIMSELF.

"But in he he a man of high sense

THE PRESIDENT HIMSELF.

"But, if he be a man of high sense of honor, he will see to it that senators are not slandered by his subordidates, and the miserable wretch who communicated to these newspapers, and who sought through them to communicate to the country, a slander on me, which people might discuss, rather than these issues that have been raised, he is unfit for his high office, and the man who perpetrated

Aryo Red Salmon **DEMONSTRATIONS** this week as follows:

M. I. Glascock, No. 318 W. Main Street,

G. B. Taylor, No. 826 W. Cary Street,

"Berry's for Clothes."



dience at the games, dress the part—be a credit to yourself and your city.

and your city.

Berry Suits are at your service, and they're the best.

If you haven't any particular sort of suit in mind, suppose you drop around at your leisure and see suits that have YOU in mind.

Swell Suits at \$15.00 and \$20.00.

Perfect garments at \$98.00

Perfect garments at \$25.00 and \$30.00.

All the other items of proper attire, for man or boy.

that Infamy will pay for it with his position, and if the man continues to hold his office, it is to be assumed that what he has done has been

that what he has done has been with the approval of his chief." The silence which marked the conclusion of Mr. Balleys first statement followed the second. It was broken by the "Near-English" of Senator Knute Nelson, a Norwegian, who inquired as what question was before the Senate. "The question is to who did the lying," said a correspondent in the press gallery, sotto voice, quoting from Mr. Tillman.

Daniel and Tillman.

Daniel and Tillman.

Daniel and Tillman.

The Senate then took up the anti-pass question again, resuming consideration of the Culberson amendment, which sought to broaden the provisions of the amendment adopted last week, practically abolishing all forms of free transportation, Many amendments, and changes of verblage all in the direction of broadens, the amountment so as to fillow the ing the amendment so as to allow the issuance of passes to attorneys for railissuance of passes to attorneys for rail-roads, railway surgeons; sick people, care takers of live stock, men to work on farms, families of bona fide employees of railroads, etc.

Senator Daniel tried to have the pro-vision amended so as to include families of attorneys for railroads. Senator Till-ran declered the amendment would make

man declared the amendment would make the "provision a laughing stock" and sug-

the "provision a laughing stock" and suggested the withdrawal of the amendment
so that "we can get something else,"
Senator Daniel spring to his feet, an .
"I do not intend to sit and sisten to
your misrepresentation of imp attendment
in your unjust and passionate manner,"
he said, evincing anger.

Mr. Tillman did not indicate that he
resented the words of the senator from
Virginia, although Senator Daniel had
interrupted him to make the statement.
He mildly called attention to the fact interrupted him to make the statement. He mildly called attention to the fact that Senator Daniel was taking his (Tillman's) time, adding, "I propose to retain the floor, and also my temper, which the senator, from Virginia does not appear to be able to do."
"Your manner is rough and insulting to gentlemen with whom your are debating," declared Senator Daniel, with heat. Mr. Tillman said he apologized if the senator from Virginia had been offended by his words, and allowed Senator Daniel to make a statement in support of the amendment.

the amendment.
This closed the incident, and the two
Senators will be as good friends as ever. Free Pass Amendment.

Free Pass Amendment.

The Senate dragged along, discussing the free pass amendment. Mr. McLaurin, of Mississippi, declared the Republicans had got so in the habit of youting down amendments that they would not even adopt the ten commandments, but he was going to give Moses a show, and would propose one of the commandments as a part of the bill. He offered as an amendment to the bill a provisions that no trains should be moved between sunrise and sunset on Sunday, and then read from the Book of Exodus in support of the from the Book of Exodus in support of the

from the Book of Exodus in support of the amendment. The amendment was voted down amid laughter.

Senator Bacon moved to amend the bill so that ex-Confederate soldiers might receive passes, putting them on the same footing as Union veterins, which had been proposed earlier. The sum and substance of all the debete on this anti-pass amendment was the adoption of the original Culberson amendment with the old soldier provision added.

The motion of Senator Lodge that consideration of the bill in committee of the whole be declared concluded was adopted, and the Senate adjourned. Consideration of the bill, in the Senate-that is the final consideration of the measure,

is the final consideration of the

further changes may be made. It will hardly be voted on finally before Friday, possibly Saturday.

COMMEND TILLMAN FOR FEARLESSNESS

Democrats of South Carolina Take Action-Chairman Denounces

President Roosevelt.

President Kooseveit,

(By Associated Press.)

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 16.—The Demoeratic State Convention met here to-day
and was organized by the election of J.

William Thurmond, of Edgefield, as permanent, president. Other than adopting
a platform and mapping out the rules
and regulations for the coming primary
election, the convention had little to do
except routine work,
The platform adopted inveighs against
trusts and fayors tariff revision. Con-

except routine work.

The platform adopted inveighs against trusts and favors tariff revision. Contrary to expectations, there was no effort made to put the convention on record as for or against the State dispensary, there apparently being a desire to let the question be fought out in each county. The Outrs resolution to have the question voted on in every county was rejected. Two resolutions commending Senator B. R. Tillman were rejected, and the following substitute was adopted:

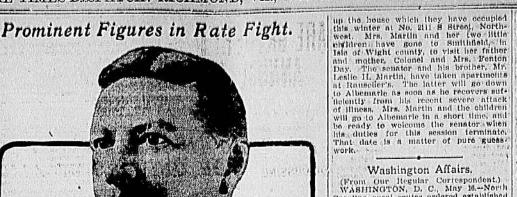
"Resolved, by the Democratic convention of South Carolina, That the fearless, able and consistent course of our senior senator, B. R. Tillman, in the United States Senate, commands our approval, and we tender to him this expression of confidence."

The administration of Governor D. C. Heyward was commended. A resolution was adopted requesting "our senators in Washington to support with voice and influence and vote the House bill now pending before the United States Senate providing that denatured alcohol shall be tax-free."

President Thurmond, in addressing the convention, said:

"The Republican party is a party of

convention, said:
"The Republican party is a party of transts. The President of the United States is put in the awful and pitlable position of having breached a solemn trust, and the senior senator from South Carolina has exposed him completely for violating that trust."



(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16.—North
Carolina rural routes ordered established
July 16th, Ahoskle, Hartford county, route
4, population, 352, houses, 120; Jamestown, 4. population, \$52, houses, 180; Jamestown, Guilford county, route 1, population, 090, houses, 150.

CLINE ONST. WASH DO ATTORNEY-GENERAL MOODY.

SEA-LEVEL CANAL

Deadlock in Senate Committee Broken by Return of Carmack to Washington.

THE NAVAL BILL COMPLETED

Unsuccessful Attempt to Defeat Appropriation for Largest Battleship in World.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 16.—The decision
of the Senate Committee on InterOceanic Canais is in favor of a sea level Oceanic Canais is in favor of a sea level canal across the Isthmus of Panama. Senator Carmack's return from Tennessee gave the sea level advocates a majority of one vote, and consequently Chairman Millard was the only one of the minority faction who attended the meeting. There was no other business before the committee, and it remained in session just long enough to authorize Senator Kittredge to make the report to be presented to the Senate as soon as the minority may have had an opportunity to prepare their have had an opportunity to prepare their views for a lock canal. The two reports will be made at the same time.

HOUSE COMPLETES THE BIG NAVAL BILL

Carries Appropriation of Nearly Hundred Millions-Sum for

Great Ship. (By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 16.—The naval appropriation bill, carrying nearly a hundred million dollars, was completed to-day in the House, after one of the busiest

days of the present Congress.

The feature of the day's debate grev out of the attempt to defeat the appro-priation for the largest battleship of its class in the world, and the tenor of the

priation for the largest battieship of its class in the world, and the tenor of the speeches for the big ship was that the American republic must be abreast of the nations of the world in strength of her navy. The opponents talked for peace, disarmament and arbitration, and insisted that there was no national need of such a large navy.

The amendment introduced by Mr. Burton, of Ohio, to strike out the appropriation for a rival to the English Dreadnaught, was defeated, as was the proposal to leave the construction of the hattleship to the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy after the faceting of the second Hague conference. A final vote on the bill will be taken to-morrow. A satircal amendment by Mr. Williams, of the minority, amused the House. It provided for naming the rival of the British ship Dreadnaught "Skeerd-o'-It provided for naming the rival of the British ship Dreadnaught "Skeerd-o'-Nothing," with a proposal for a contest between the two, with the President and Cabinet as chief guests.

AIDS TO NAVIGATION.

House Committee Appropriates Sum in Excess of \$1,300,000.

(By Associated Presc.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16.—The
House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce to-day authorized a faeign Commerce to-day authorized a fa-vorable report on an omnibus bill car-rying between twenty and twenty-five projects as "aids to navigation," and authorizing an appropriation of something in excess of \$1,300,000. The bill provides for the construction of lighthouses, light-ships, lighthouse dwellings, buoys, etc., as follows:

for the construction of lighthouses, light-ships, lighthouse dwellings, buoys, etc., as follows:

Light station at Pungoteague Creek. Vn., \$8,000; light and fog signal station at Ragged Point, Potomac River, \$20,000. The limit of cost of light vessel to be placed off the outer bar of Brunswick, Ga., is increased by \$25,000, making the total \$115,000; the limit of cost of lender for inspector is increased by \$10,000, making the total \$135,000.

Naval Militia Cruises.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, May 10,—The Navy Department to-day announced the tentative programme for the cruises to be made by the naval militia organizations of the States. The cruise of the South Carolina militia is fixed for August 4th to 11th, and that of Georgia from August 18th to 25th,

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Postmasters: North Carolina—T, F. Seehorn, Lenoir. Virginia-John M. Bloan, Chase City.

HOW TO OPEN A CAN OF SALMON.

To open a can of Argo Red Balmon properly, lay the can on its side, insert the can opener at the seam, then stand the can opener at the seam, then stand the can on end, and pressing the top firmly down, work the can opener around the top, removing the entire top. The Argo will then come out in one solid piece,



SENATOR ALDRICH.

Testimony of Clark,

and fifty shares in the Jamison Coal Company.

"Did you ever receive any dividends from Captain Aifred Hicks, a mine owner on the West Pennsylvania division?" queried Attorney Glasgow.

"I never received any dividends."

"Did you ever get any money from Captain Hicks?"

"I received checks from Captain Hicks."

"To what amount?"

"Fifty dollars each."

"How often did you get those checks?"

"About once a month for three or four months."

SAYS JONES IS SURE TO BEGRENOMINATED

Chairman of Democratic Committee of First District Expresses Opinion.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) I think there is no doubt that William . Jones will be renominated for Congress from the First District by a large mujority," said J. J. Downing, of Lancaster county, at the capitol to-day, "Mr. Mears, his opponent, will carry his own county of Northampton, but there is every reason to believe that Mr. Jones will carry the other Eastern Shore county of Acco. claiming their man will carry Accomac by a vote of six to five. As moderate a claim as that would look very much like ar admission that Jones would carry the county. In my opinion Mr. Jones will carry practically every county on the Western Shore. This includes my own county of Lancaster, where W. McDonald Lee, chairman of the State Board of Fisheries, is making a fight for Mears I understand Essex and Caroline are practically solid for Jones."

Mr. Downing is chairman of the Demo cratic Committee of the First District. Representative Carter Glass is at log-gerheads with the Southern Railway over the question of damages resulting from the construction of another track through the construction of another track through his farm near Lynchburg. The railroad company offers to pay Mr. Glass \$2,000 as representing the damage done. Two of the latter's neighbors say the damage will amount to \$6,000, and one other puts it at \$3,000. The matter will probably be settled by arbitration or condemnatory proceedings.

Senator and Mrs. Martin have given

THE WEATHER.

Conditions Yesterday.

EQUITABLE TRIED

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE.

missioner Host further testified that

Robert Luscombe, who has for many years represented insurance companies before various legislatures, telephoned him three times from Chicago between June 16 and July 31, 1903, the latter hav-ing been the day on which Mr. Host rendered his decision, and asked Mr. Host to come to Chicago, saying he thought he had an argument which would convince Mr. Host that the statute in question was not compulsory. What Houser Says.

What Houser Says,

Secretary of the State Houser took the stand in his own defense and admitted that he and Luscombe were friends and declared that Luscombe had handed him the written slips of paper which he had handed to Mr. Host and requested that he give it to the insurance commissioner. Mr. Houser, however, emphatically deplied that any mention was made to the pressed steel Car Company for space for 500 cars. The cally deplied that any mention was made. cally denied that any mention was mad of a campaign fund contribution at the which the Equitable decision was writ

which the Equitable decision was writ-ten to the insurance commissioner.

Mr. Houser admitted that he had asked
Mr. Host to request contributions from
insurance companies for a campaign fund
against Congressman Joseph W. Bacock,
in the Third Wisconsin District, and said
Mr. Host had not taken unkindly to the
suggestion, and said he would think the
matter over matter over. Both Secretary of State Houser and

Forecast: Virginia—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Thursday on the coas; light south winds. North Carolina—Fair Thursday and Fri-day; light, variable winds. Insurance Commissioner Host, have been among the supporters of United States Senator Lafolette. Secretary Houser is running for a third time.

GAVE STOCK TO ROAD OFFICIASL

Coal Men in This Way Purchased Better Facilities from Corporation. Thermometer This Day Last Year

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 16,-Revelations of an unusual character were made to-day during the investigation of

Conditions in Important Cities.

(At 8 P. M., Eastern Time.)

Place. Ther. High T. Weather,
Asheville, N. C. 72 80 Clear
Augusta 78 81 Clear
Augusta 71 80 Cloudy
Atlanta Ga. 71 70 Clear
Detroit Mich. 71 71 Clear
Galves on, Tex. 71 70 Cloudy
Hatteras, N. C. 70 70 P. P. cloudy
Jacksonville 72 71 Rain
Key West, Pla 78 81 Cloudy
Mobile 71 81 Clear
New York City 76 90 Cloudy
Mobile 71 75 Clear
Tampa, Fla 76 81 Hain
Tampa, Fla 76 82 Hain
Tampa, Fla 76 83 Hain
Tampa, Fla 76 84 Hain
Tampa, Fla 76 85 Hain
Tampa, Fla 77 Bangan testing that his company had presented the Pennsylvania Railroad cinculation of cars to coal companies in the bituminous region
Tampa, Fla 77 Clear
Tampa, Fla 77 Clear
Tampa, Fla 76 85 Hain
T

did not know. He had never asked Cap-tain Hicks why he sent the checks, and when they ceased coming he did not ask Captain Hicks why he had stopped sending them, After further questioning Mr. Clark

sending them.

After further questioning Mr. Clark said he had received various gifts from mine operators during the past three or four years.

Mr. Glassow enumerated a number of companies on the divisions under Mr. Clark's supervision, and asked him if any orders for special assignments of cars to these companies had been received by him. He replied that occasionally such orders had been received.

Questioned by Francis I. Gowen, counsel for the Pennsylvania Reifroad, Mr. Clark said the percentage of sheets would not show why a shortage of cars had occurred. It might be that a mine was not working, in which case its supply of cars would not be furnished, but the percentage sheets would not indicate the reason for the shortags.

Examined by Mr. Gowen, the witness said that 99 per cent, of the coal produced at the mines of Captain Hicks was sold to the Pennsylvania Railroad for fuel.

President Cassatt's Son Called.

President Cassatt's Son Called. President Cassatt's Son Called.
When Mr. Cassatt was called to the stand he stated that in addition to being eastern manager of the Keystone Coal and Coke Company, he is assistant to the president of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad.
Cassatt was asked if the Keystone company had ever received any special assignment of cars from the Pennsylvants Railroad and he realled in the neg-

vania Railroad, and he replied in the negtive. "During 1902 and 1903 were not fre-

"During 1902 and 1903 were not fre-quent orders sent from the Pennsylvania Railroad officers to furnish your com-pany with special cars?"
"No, but in 1902 we secured 500 new cars from the Pressed Steel Car Com-

placed an order with the Pressed Steel Car Company for space for 500 cars. The Car Company for space for 500 cars. Keystone company was in need of and the Pennsylvania Railroad relinqu ed the space and we made a contract with the Pressed Steel Car Company for the

the Pressed Steel Car Company for the cars."

"Was there a scarcity of cars at that time?"

"There was."

"There was."

"There with the Pennsylvania Rail-road relinquish its claim for those cars in order to give them to you?"

"We are one of the largest shippers of coal and we had a number of urgent contracts." said Mr. Cassatt, explaining further that the cars were not taken from the Pennsylvania equipment, "They were not under construction," his said, "until after the signing of the contract between the Keystone Company and the Pressed Steel Car Company."

In answaring to further questioning, Mr. Cassatt stated that the Keystone Coal and Coke Company owns 1,200 cars, but owned none prior to 1902, when the 500 cars were furnished them.

Chemical Inquiry.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NASHVILLE, TENN., May 16.—Another day has been spent examining witnesses before the Federal grand pury in the alleged fertilizer trust investigation. It is still thought that the examination of witnesses will probably be concluded this week.

Off for the South.

Off for the South.

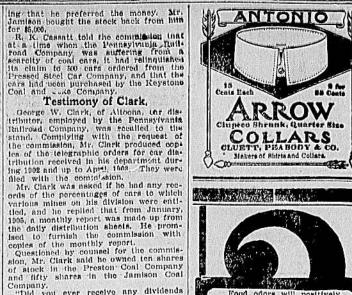
(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Vice-President Pairbanks, accumpanied by Mrs.

Pairbanks, will leave for Birmingham, Ala., to-morsow at 6 o'clock to attend the Methodist conference at that place. This Vice-President desired to remain here and preside over the Senate until the rate bill was passed, and postponed his visit to the South two or three times; but as the consideration of the bill was confinually extended, he decided to make no further postponement.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

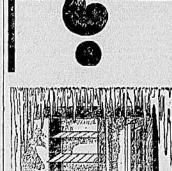
Relieves Nurvous Disorders, Hoadache, Insomnia, Exhaustion and Restlessness, Rebuilds the nervous sys-



that his thingship and the Automatic Refrigerator That point alone, ought to settle the question-oughtn't it?

But There Are Many Others That Make

it the Best.



The AUTOMATIC Refrigerator has been put to more severe tests than any other "ice-box"

No other refrigerator has so many special and exclusive features. No other regriferator has the success record of the AUTO-

Sydnor& Hundley in

We have a great selection of Bridal Suits and Summer Furni-

200 This bear standard as

JURY COMPLETE:

Opening Address in Case of Child Wife Charged With Killing Aunt.

NEW YORK, May 16 .- The jury for the trial of Mrs. Josephine Terranova, the girl who is charged with the murder of her aunt, Mrs. Concetta Reggio, was completed to-day. While the sele jury was in progress, the girl was examined by experts in mental disorders, for

both the prosecution and defense. In the examination of the talesmen, it was evident by the questions of the counsel for the prisoner that her de-

counsel for the prisoner that her defence would be temporary insanity.

In the opening address for the prosecution, Assistant District Attorney Elf told the jury that the trial would probably appeal to their sympathy, and that although the defendant was a girl seventeen years old, she wilfully and with premediation assaulted her aunt with a knife, causing her death.

The New South and the Negro.

The New South and the Negro.

The proclamation of Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusotts, as to cur mistakes with the negro does not find an echo in the report of the Virginia Day exercises at Hampton Institute.

Speaking to the students, dovernor Swanson said:

I am anxious to see the race get along well in Virginia, and if you colored people only follow out your own practical ideas you will make a success of it. I come here to-day to see to what extent good has resulted from the State's contributions to Hampton Institute, and I find that they have yielded splendid results.

Mr. Roswell Page, son of an old slaveowner, added these words:

When you want to get your history go to the old slaves of the old Southerners, I stand here to congratulate you on being negroes. You don't want to be white men. You want to be, negroes, I don't want the pagro to go. I want him to stay in Virginia and I want him to stay in Virginia and I want him to buy land and be a good citizen.

A traveler's familiarity with the negra in Africa bred contempt in Mr. Adams's mind. The familiarity of neighbors with the negroes of the new South leads to different conclusions. Results at Hampton, Tuskeges and other centres of educational effort among negroes leave us no choice as to which way our bellef must turn. These schools do not work miracles. They take students as they find them, and it there were no material there would be no products.—New York World.

Very Small, Indeed. We view the sinner's blindness With righteous rage, incensed; Our milk of human kindness Is nothing but, condensed. Philodelphia Press.

Thursday and Friday.

